Molloy College
Permission to Release Information Form

In standing with the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) the Office of the Bursar cannot disclose any information pertaining to a student’s awarding information. In order for any information to be released to anyone, other than the student, the students must provide written consent. To do so, please complete the section below. **Form should be completed by the student only.**

I, _________________________________ (authorizer name), hereby authorize ________________________ (authorized name), access to information regarding my Student Account Bill and Financial Aid process at Molloy College. I recognize that this only pertains to the Bursar’s Office and no other department on campus. Molloy College has the right to resend this request at any time.

Below are listed any additional individuals whom I authorize access:

________________________________
________________________________
________________________________

Student Signature___________________   Date _________________

Notary Public _____________________     Date __________________

Please be aware that only those persons authorized will have access. Please see attached copy of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

1000 Hempstead Avenue, P.O. Box 1110, Rockville Centre, 11571-1110
Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. § 1232g; 34 CFR Part 99) is a Federal law that protects the privacy of student education records. The law applies to all schools that receive funds under an applicable program of the U.S. Department of Education.

FERPA gives parents certain rights with respect to their children's education records. These rights transfer to the student when he or she reaches the age of 18 or attends a school beyond the high school level. Students to whom the rights have transferred are "eligible students."

- Parents or eligible students have the right to inspect and review the student's education records maintained by the school. Schools are not required to provide copies of records unless, for reasons such as great distance, it is impossible for parents or eligible students to review the records. Schools may charge a fee for copies.

- Parents or eligible students have the right to request that a school correct records which they believe to be inaccurate or misleading. If the school decides not to amend the record, the parent or eligible student then has the right to a formal hearing. After the hearing, if the school still decides not to amend the record, the parent or eligible student has the right to place a statement with the record setting forth his or her view about the contested information.

- Generally, schools must have written permission from the parent or eligible student in order to release any information from a student's education record. However, FERPA allows schools to disclose those records, without consent, to the following parties or under the following conditions (34 CFR § 99.31):
  - School officials with legitimate educational interest;
  - Other schools to which a student is transferring;
  - Specified officials for audit or evaluation purposes;
  - Appropriate parties in connection with financial aid to a student;
  - Organizations conducting certain studies for or on behalf of the school;
  - Accrediting organizations;
  - To comply with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena;
  - Appropriate officials in cases of health and safety emergencies; and
  - State and local authorities, within a juvenile justice system, pursuant to specific State law.

Schools may disclose, without consent, "directory" information such as a student's name, address, telephone number, date and place of birth, honors and awards, and dates of attendance. However, schools must tell parents and eligible students about directory information and allow parents and eligible students a reasonable amount of time to request that the school not disclose directory information about them. Schools must notify parents and eligible students annually of their rights under FERPA. The actual means of notification (special letter, inclusion in a PTA bulletin, student handbook, or newspaper article) is left to the discretion of each school.